

AsahiKASEI
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AKD4399-SB

AK4399 Evaluation board Rev.2

General Description

AKD4399-SB is an evaluation board for AK4399 corresponding to DVD-Audio, which is 32Bit DAC. The AKD4399-SB includes a LPF which can add differential analog outputs from the AK4399 and also has a digital interface. Therefore, it is easy to evaluate sound quality of the AK4399.

■ Ordering Guide

AKD4399-SB --- Evaluation board for AK4399

Function

- On-board Analog output buffer circuit
- On-board digital audio interface. (AK4115)

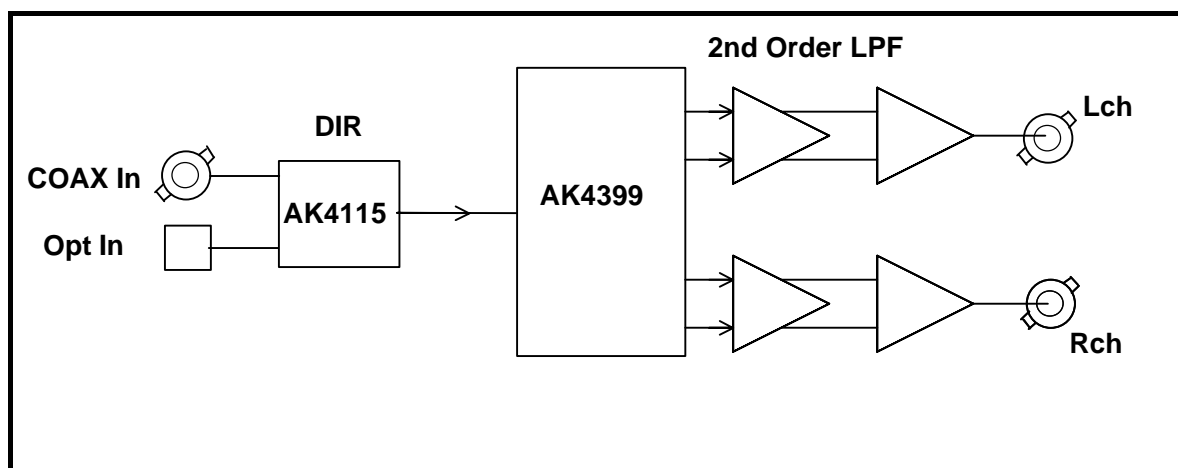


Figure 1. Block diagram

* Circuit diagram are attached at the end of this manual.

COAX is recommended for an evaluation of the Sound quality.

■ Operation sequence

1) Set up the power supply lines. (See “Other jumpers set-up”.)

Name	Color	Voltage	Comments	Attention
+15V	Red	+12~+15V	Regulator, Power supply for Op-amp.	This jack is always needed. Power line
-15V	Blue	-12~-15V	Power supply for Op-amp.	This jack is always needed. Power line
AGND	Black	0V	GND	This jack is always needed.

Table 1. Set up of power supply lines

Each supply line should be distributed from the power supply unit.

2) Set-up the jumper pins

3) Set-up the DIP switches. (See the followings.)

4) Power on

The AK4399 should be reset once bringing SW3 (PDN) “L” upon power-up.

■ Evaluation mode

1. DIR(COAX) (default)

The DIR generates MCLK, BICK and LRCK SDATA from the received data through BNC connector (J7). It is possible for the evaluation using such as CD test disk.

Setting: R87 = open; R88 = short (0Ω)

COAX is recommended for an evaluation of the Sound quality.

2. DIR(Optical)

The DIR generates MCLK, BICK and LRCK SDATA from the received data through Optical connector (PORT2). It is possible for the evaluation using such as CD test disk.

Setting: R87 = short (0Ω); R88 = open

3. All clocks are fed through the PORT1.

Setting:

-R54, R55, R56, R58 = open

-R50, R51, R52 = 100Ω; R53 = 5.1Ω

■ DIP Switch setting

[SW1]: AK4115 setting

No.	Pin	L	H	Default
1	OCKS1	Master Clock setting of AK4115		H
2	OCKS0	Refer to Table 4		L

Table 2. SW1 setting

[SW2]: AK4399 setting

No.	Pin	L	H	Default
1	-	-	-	-
2	P/S	Serial mode	Parallel mode	L

Table 3. SW2 setting

The frequency of the master clock output is set by OCKS0 and OCKS1 as shown in Table 4.

OCKS1	OCKS0	MCLK Frequency
L	L	256fs @fs=88.2/96kHz
H	L	512fs @fs=32/44.1/48kHz
H	H	128fs @fs=176.4/192kHz

(Default)

Table 4. MCLK Clock

■ SW3 setting

[SW3](PDN): Reset of AK4399. Select "H" during operation.

■ External Analog Circuit

The differential output circuit and LPF is implemented on board. The differential outputs of AK4399 is buffered by non-inverted circuit(2nd order LPF, $f_c=106.4k$, $Q=0.698$, $G=+3.9dB$). LPF adds differential outputs(1st order LPF, $f_c=284k$, $G=-0.84dB$). LME49710NA is used for op-amp on this board that has low noise and high voltage tolerance characteristics. Analog signal is output via BNC connectors on the board. The output level is about 2.8Vrms (typ@VREF=5.0V) by BNC.

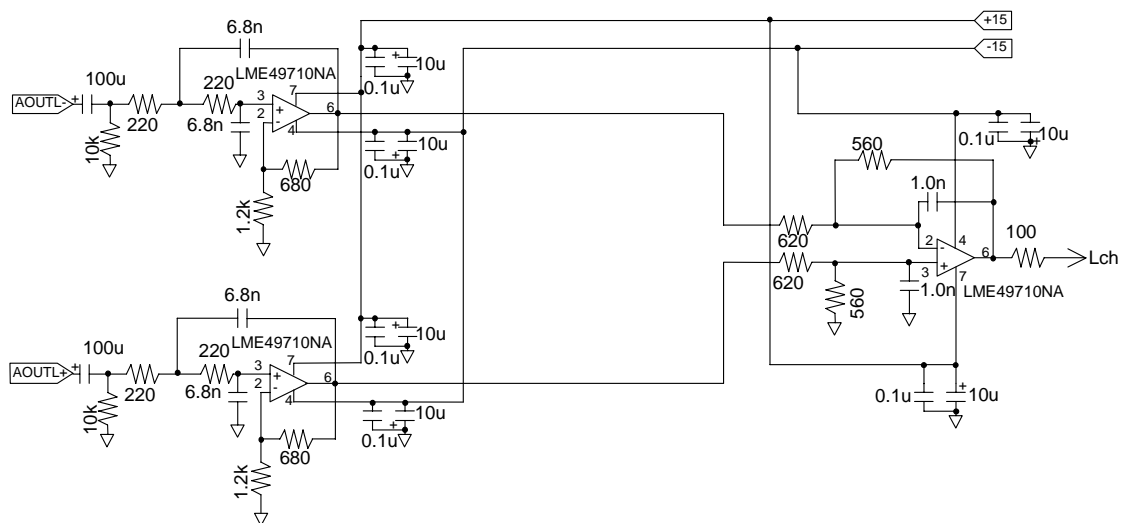


Figure 2. External Analog Filter

AKD4399-SB Filter	40kHz (Double)	80kHz (quad)
Internal Filter	-0.3dB	-1dB
External LPF	-0.12dB	-1.3dB
Total	-0.42dB	-2.3dB

This table shows typical value.

Table 5. Frequency Responses

Control Software Manual

■ Set-up of evaluation board and control software

1. Set up the AKD4399-SB according to previous term.
2. Connect IBM-AT compatible PC with AKD4399-SB by 10-line type flat cable (packed with AKD4399-SB). Take care of the direction of 10pin header. (Please install the driver in the CD-ROM when this control software is used on Windows 2000/XP. Please refer "Installation Manual of Control Software Driver by AKM device control software". In case of Windows95/98/ME, this installation is not needed. This control software does not operate on Windows NT.)
3. Insert the CD-ROM labeled "AKD4399-SB Evaluation Kit" into the CD-ROM drive.
4. Access the CD-ROM drive and double-click the icon of "akd4399-sb.exe" to set up the control program.
5. Then please evaluate according to the follows.

■ Operation flow

Keep the following flow.

1. Set up the control program according to explanation above.
2. Click "Port Reset" button.

■ Explanation of each buttons

- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| 1. [Port Reset] : | Set up the USB interface board (AKDUSBIF-A) . |
| 2. [Write default] : | Initialize the register of AK4399. |
| 3. [All Write] : | Write all registers that is currently displayed. |
| 4. [Function1] : | Dialog to write data by keyboard operation. |
| 5. [Function2] : | Dialog to write data by keyboard operation. |
| 6. [Function3] : | The sequence of register setting can be set and executed. |
| 7. [Function4] : | The sequence that is created on [Function3] can be assigned to buttons and executed. |
| 8. [Function5]: | The register setting that is created by [SAVE] function on main window can be assigned to buttons and executed. |
| 9. [SAVE] : | Save the current register setting. |
| 10. [OPEN] : | Write the saved values to all register. |
| 11. [Write] : | Dialog to write data by mouse operation. |

■ Indication of data

Input data is indicated on the register map. Red letter indicates "H" or "1" and blue one indicates "L" or "0". Blank is the part that is not defined in the datasheet.

■ Explanation of each dialog

1. [Write Dialog] : Dialog to write data by mouse operation

There are dialogs corresponding to each register.

Click the [Write] button corresponding to each register to set up the dialog. If you check the check box, data becomes “H” or “1”. If not, “L” or “0”.

If you want to write the input data to AK4399, click [OK] button. If not, click [Cancel] button.

2. [Function1 Dialog] : Dialog to write data by keyboard operation

Address Box:	Input registers address in 2 figures of hexadecimal.
Data Box:	Input registers data in 2 figures of hexadecimal.

If you want to write the input data to AK4399, click [OK] button. If not, click [Cancel] button.

3. [Function2 Dialog] : Dialog to evaluate ATT

Address Box:	Input registers address in 2 figures of hexadecimal.
Start Data Box:	Input starts data in 2 figures of hexadecimal.
End Data Box:	Input end data in 2 figures of hexadecimal.
Interval Box:	Data is written to AK4399 by this interval.
Step Box:	Data changes by this step.
Mode Select Box:	

If you check this check box, data reaches end data, and returns to start data.

[Example] Start Data = 00, End Data = 09

Data flow: 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 09 08 07 06 05 04 03 02 01 00

If you do not check this check box, data reaches end data, but does not return to start data.

[Example] Start Data = 00, End Data = 09

Data flow: 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09

If you want to write the input data to AK4399, click [OK] button. If not, click [Cancel] button.

4. [Save] and [Open]

4-1. [Save]

Save the current register setting data. The extension of file name is “akr”.

(Operation flow)

- (1) Click [Save] Button.
- (2) Set the file name and push [Save] Button. The extension of file name is “akr”.

4-2. [Open]

The register setting data saved by [Save] is written to AK4399. The file type is the same as [Save].

(Operation flow)

- (1) Click [Open] Button.
- (2) Select the file (*.akr) and Click [Open] Button.

5. [Function3 Dialog]

The sequence of register setting can be set and executed.

(1) Click [F3] Button.

(2) Set the control sequence.

Set the address, Data and Interval time. Set “-1” to the address of the step where the sequence should be paused.

(3) Click [Start] button. Then this sequence is executed.

The sequence is paused at the step of Interval="-1". Click [START] button, the sequence restarts from the paused step.

This sequence can be saved and opened by [Save] and [Open] button on the Function3 window. The extension of file name is “aks”.

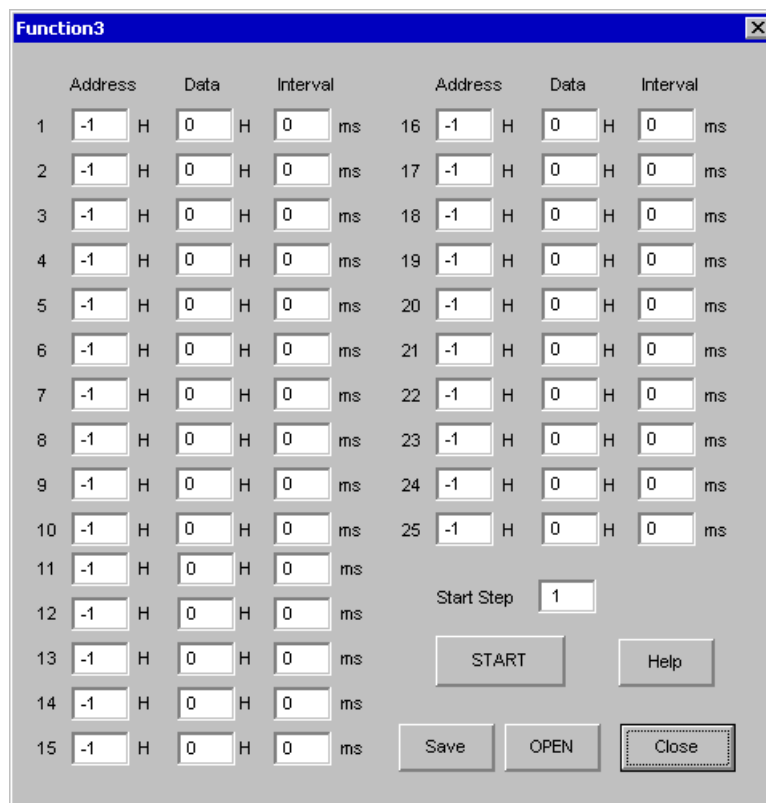


Figure 3. Window of [F3]

6. [Function4 Dialog]

The sequence that is created on [Function3] can be assigned to buttons and executed. When [F4] button is clicked, the window as shown in Figure opens.

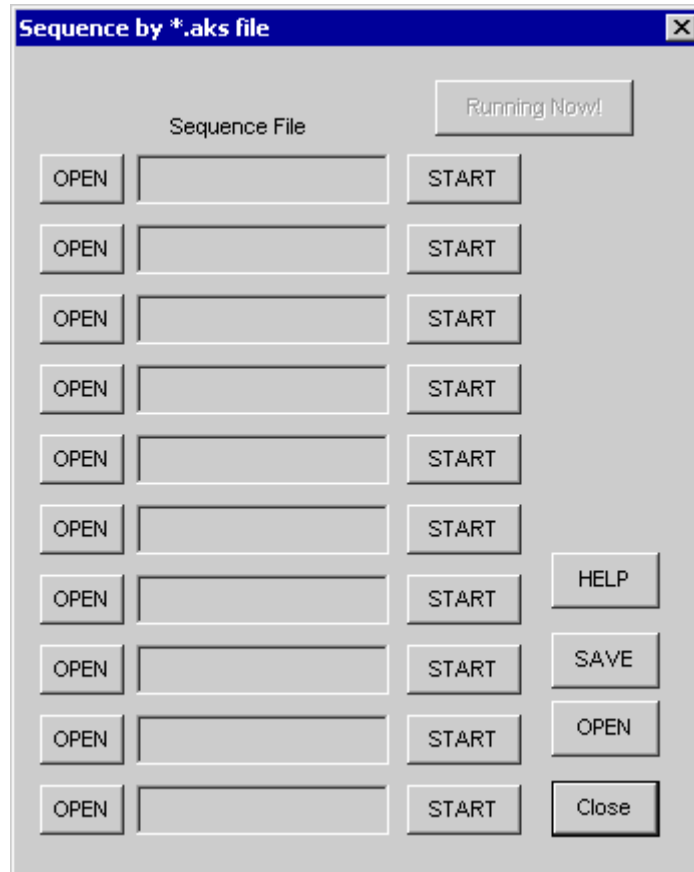


Figure 4. [F4] window

6-1. [OPEN] buttons on left side and [START] buttons

(1) Click [OPEN] button and select the sequence file (*.aks).

The sequence file name is displayed as shown in Figure .

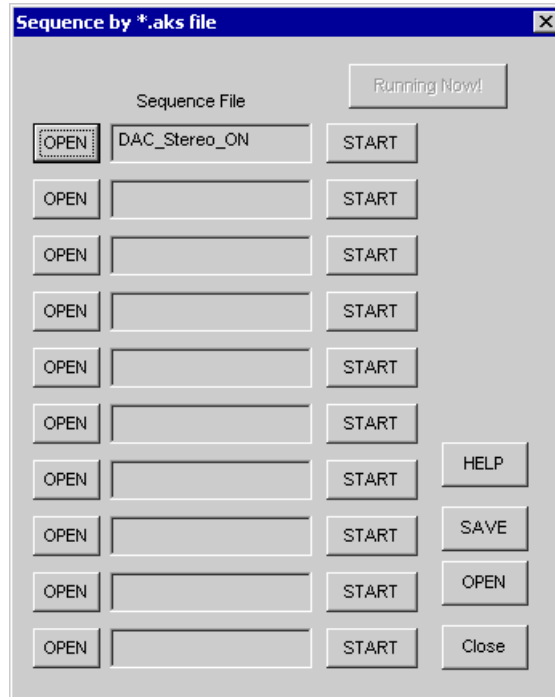


Figure 5. [F4] window(2)

(2) Click [START] button, then the sequence is executed.

6-2. [SAVE] and [OPEN] buttons on right side

[SAVE] : The sequence file names can assign be saved. The file name is *.ak4.

[OPEN] : The sequence file names assign that are saved in *.ak4 are loaded.

6-3. Note

(1) This function doesn't support the pause function of sequence function.

(2) All files need to be in same folder used by [SAVE] and [OPEN] function on right side.

(3) When the sequence is changed in [Function3], the file should be loaded again in order to reflect the change.

7. [Function5 Dialog]

The register setting that is created by [SAVE] function on main window can be assigned to buttons and executed. When [F5] button is clicked, the following window as shown in Figure opens.

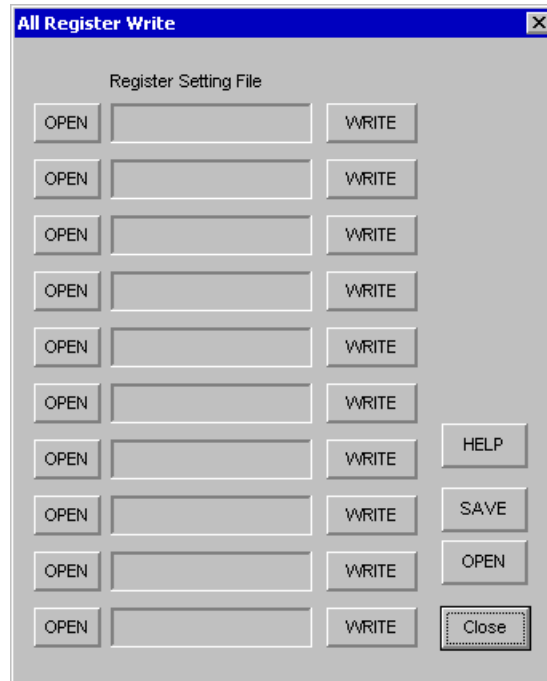


Figure 6. [F5] window

7-1. [OPEN] buttons on left side and [WRITE] button

- (1) Click [OPEN] button and select the register setting file (*.akr).
- (2) Click [WRITE] button, then the register setting is executed.

7-2. [SAVE] and [OPEN] buttons on right side

[SAVE] : The register setting file names assign can be saved. The file name is *.ak5.

[OPEN] : The register setting file names assign that are saved in *.ak5 are loaded.

7-3. Note

- (1) All files need to be in same folder used by [SAVE] and [OPEN] function on right side.
- (2) When the register setting is changed by [Save] Button in main window, the file should be loaded again in order to reflect the change.

Measurement Results

[Measurement condition]

- Measurement unit : Audio Precision System two Cascade (AP2)
- MCLK : 512fs (44.1kHz), 256fs (96kHz), 128fs (192kHz)
- BICK : 64fs
- fs : 44.1kHz, 96kHz, 192kHz
- Bit : 24bit
- Power Supply : AVDD= DVDD=5V
- Interface : Internal DIR (44.1kHz, 96kHz, 192kHz)
- Temperature : Room
- Operational Amplifiers : LME49710NA

fs=44.1kHz

Parameter	Input signal	Measurement filter	Results (Lch / Rch)
S/(N+D)	1kHz, 0dB	20kLPF	108.8 dB / 106.8 dB
DR	1kHz, -60dB	22kLPF, A-weighted	120.7 dB / 120.5 dB
S/N	"0" data	22kLPF, A-weighted	120.7 dB / 120.5 dB

fs=96kHz

Parameter	Input signal	Measurement filter	Results (Lch / Rch)
S/(N+D)	1kHz, 0dB	40kLPF	108.8 dB / 106.3 dB
DR	1kHz, -60dB	40kLPF	114.9 dB / 114.8 dB
		22kLPF, A-weighted	120.7 dB / 120.7 dB
S/N	"0" data	40kLPF	115.2 dB / 115.0 dB
		22kLPF, A-weighted	121.0 dB / 121.0 dB

fs=192kHz

Parameter	Input signal	Measurement filter	Results (Lch / Rch)
S/(N+D)	1kHz, 0dB	40kLPF	108.6 dB / 105.7 dB
DR	1kHz, -60dB	40kLPF	114.6 dB / 114.5 dB
		22kLPF, A-weighted	120.5 dB / 120.3 dB
S/N	"0" data	40kLPF	115.0 dB / 115.0 dB
		22kLPF, A-weighted	121.0 dB / 121.0 dB

Plots

(fs=44.1kHz)

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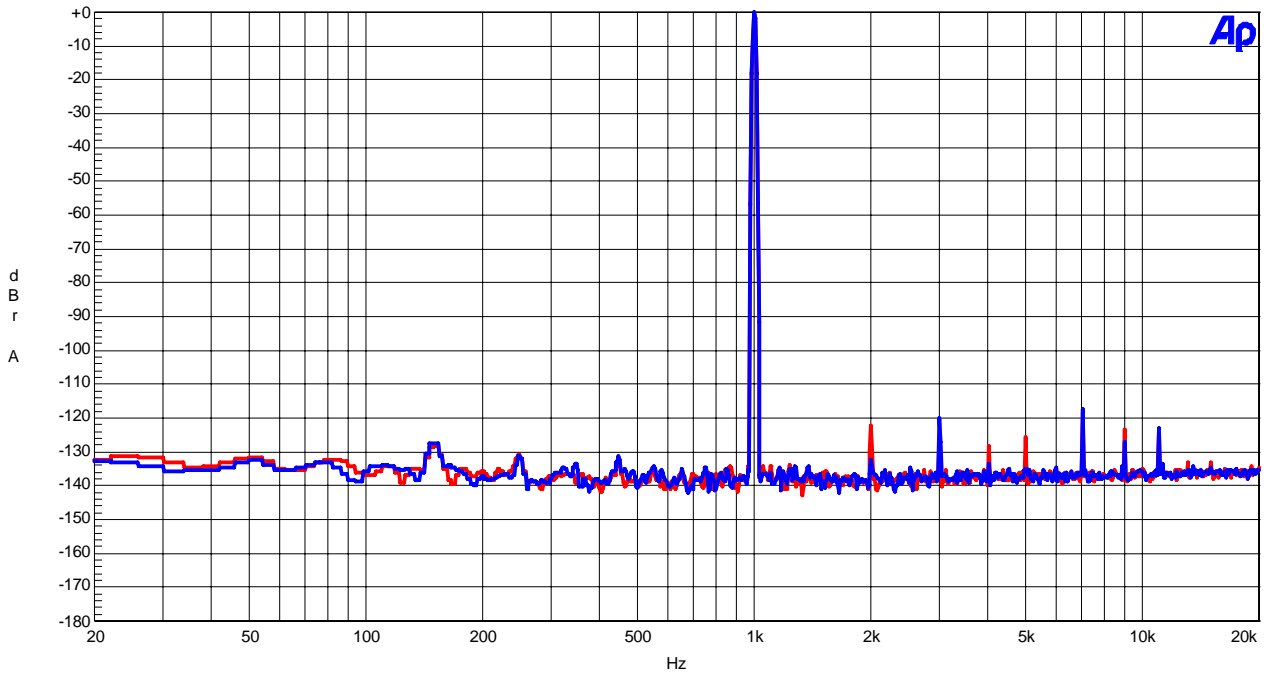
AK4399 FFT
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=44.1kHz, 0dBFS Input

Figure 7. FFT (fin=1kHz, Input Level=0dBFS)

AKM

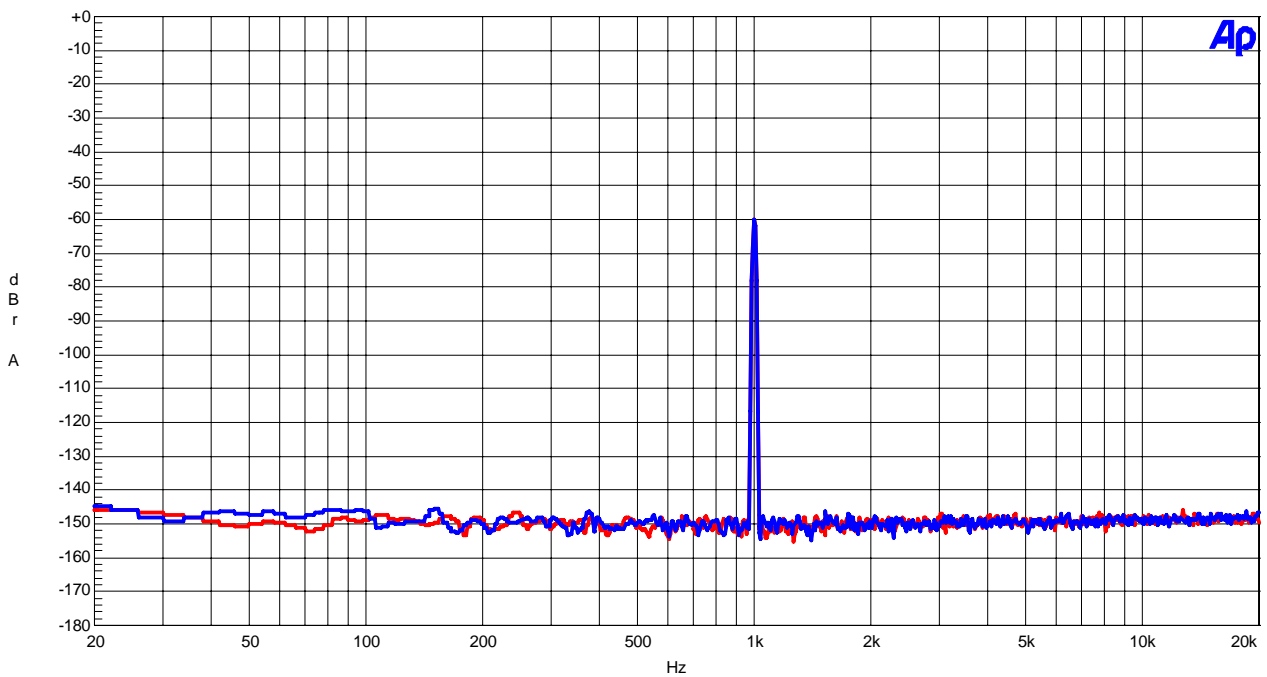
AK4399 FFT
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=44.1kHz, -60dBFS Input

Figure 8. FFT (fin=1kHz, Input Level=-60dBFS)

(fs=44.1kHz)

AKM

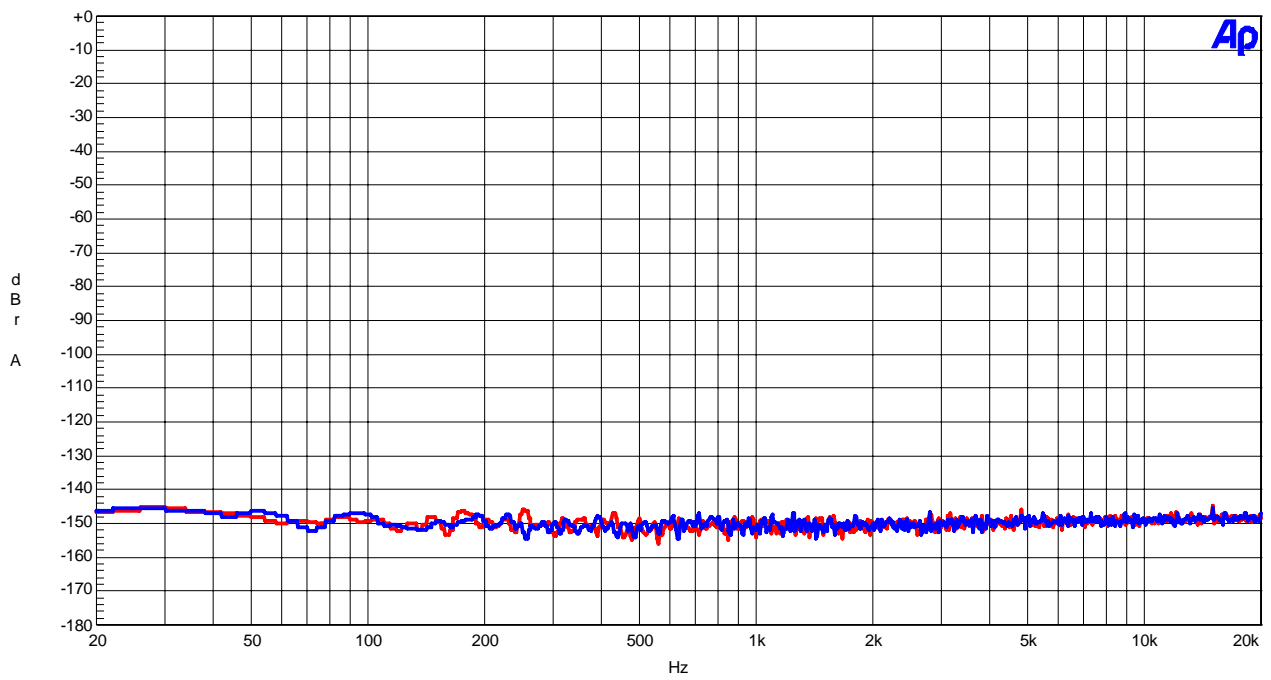
AK4399 FFT
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=44.1kHz, No signal Input

Figure 9. FFT (Noise Floor)

AKM

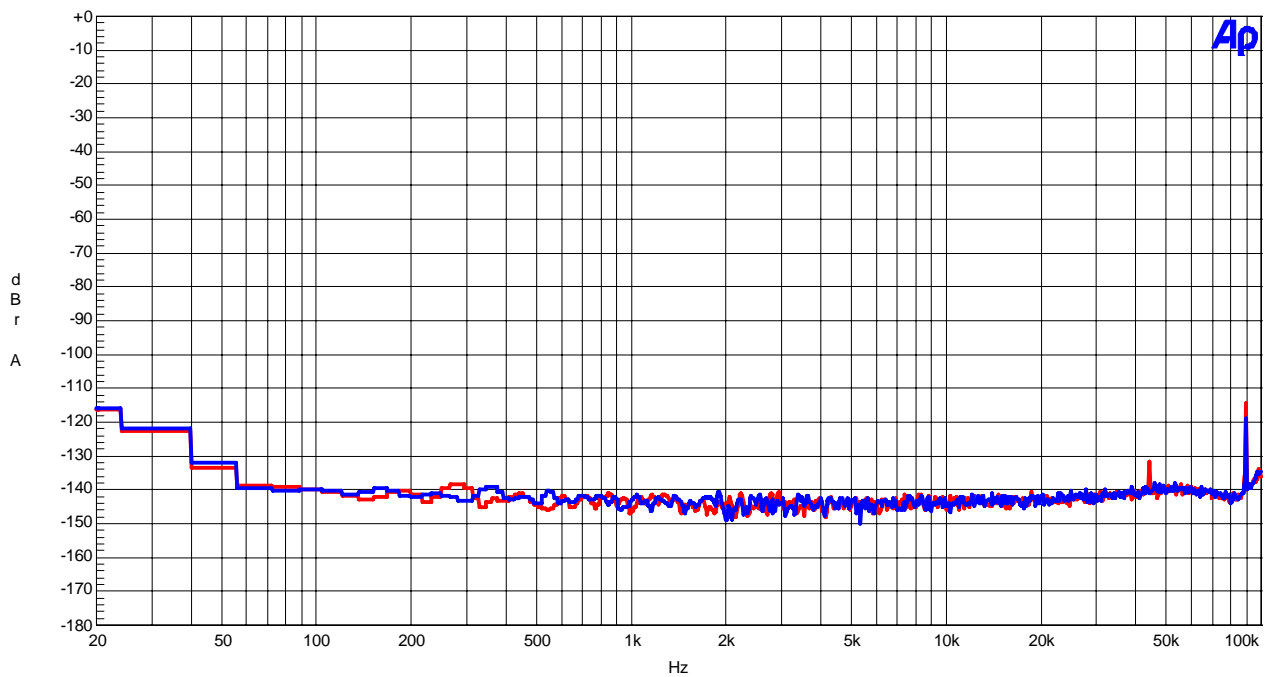
AK4399 FFT Out of band noise
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=44.1kHz, No signal Input

Figure 10. FFT (Out of band noise)

(fs=44.1kHz)

AKM

AK4399 THD+N vs. Input Level
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=44.1kHz, fin=1kHz

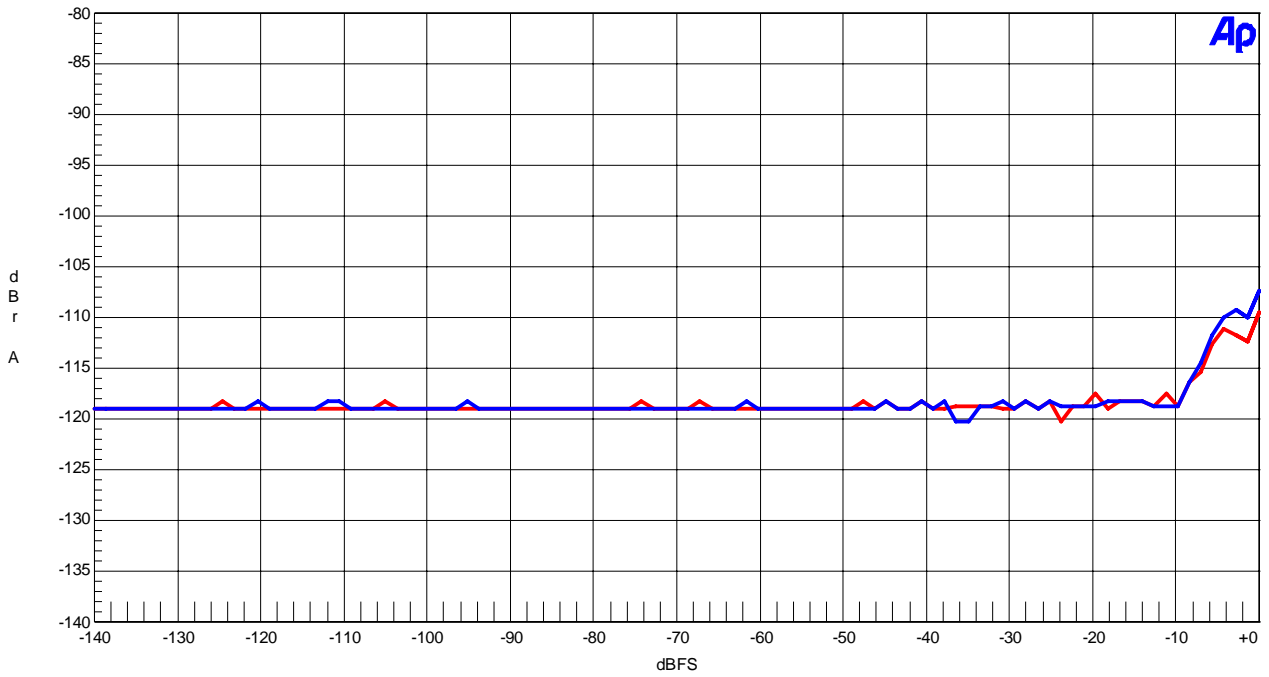


Figure 11. THD+N vs. Input level (fin=1kHz)

AKM

AK4399 THD+N vs. Input Frequency
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=44.1kHz, 0dBFS Input

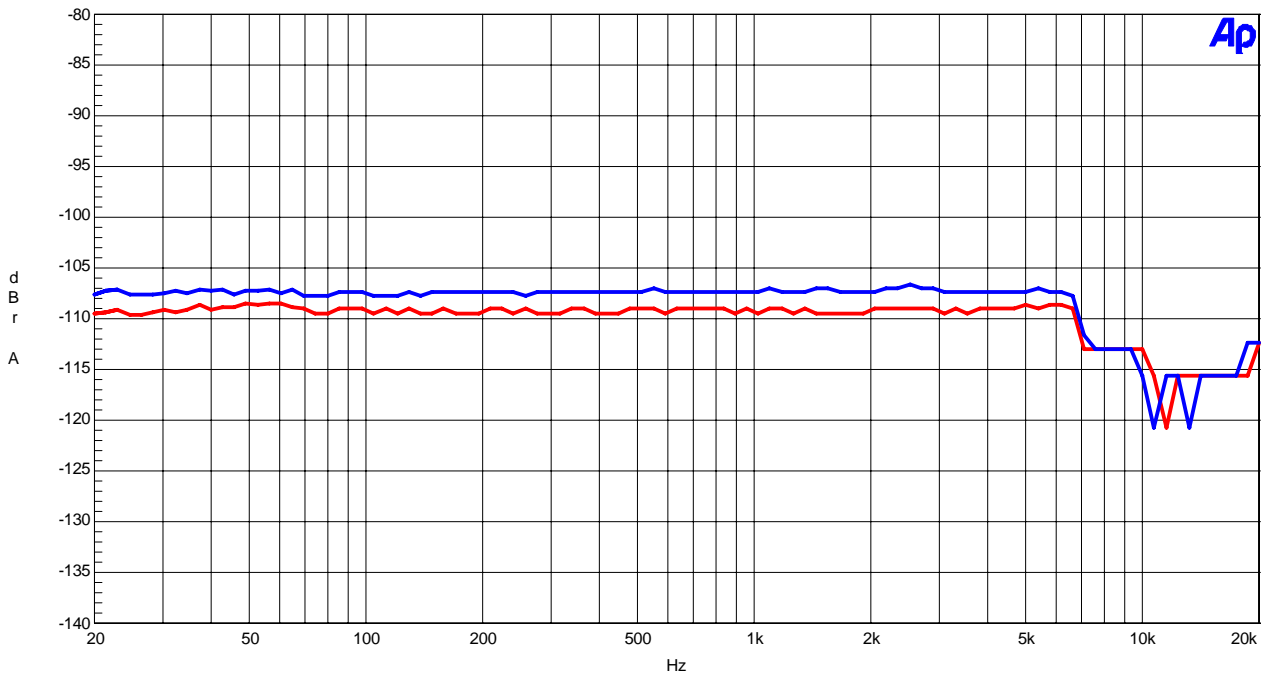


Figure 12. THD+N vs. Input Frequency (Input level=0dBFS)

(fs=44.1kHz)

AKM

AK4399 Linearity
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=44.1kHz, fin=1kHz

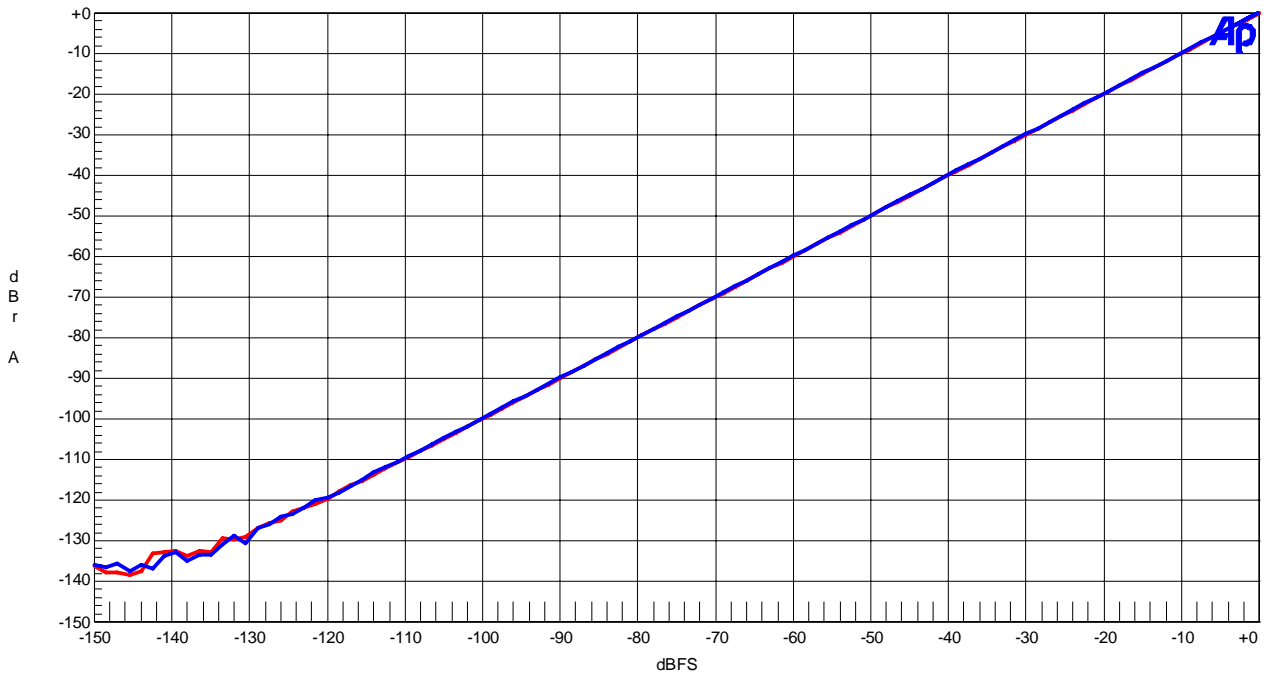


Figure 13. Linearity (fin=1kHz)

AKM

AK4399 Frequency Response
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=44.1kHz, 0dBFS Input

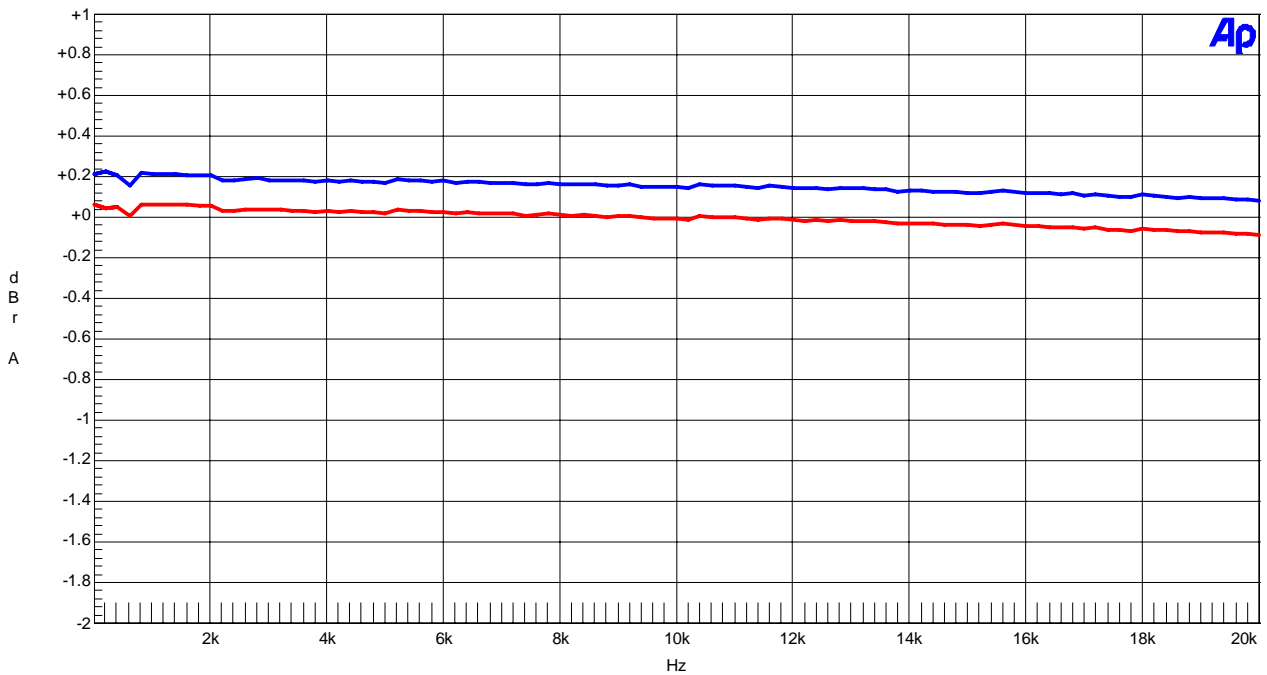


Figure 14. Frequency Response (Input level=0dBFS)

(fs=44.1kHz)

AKM

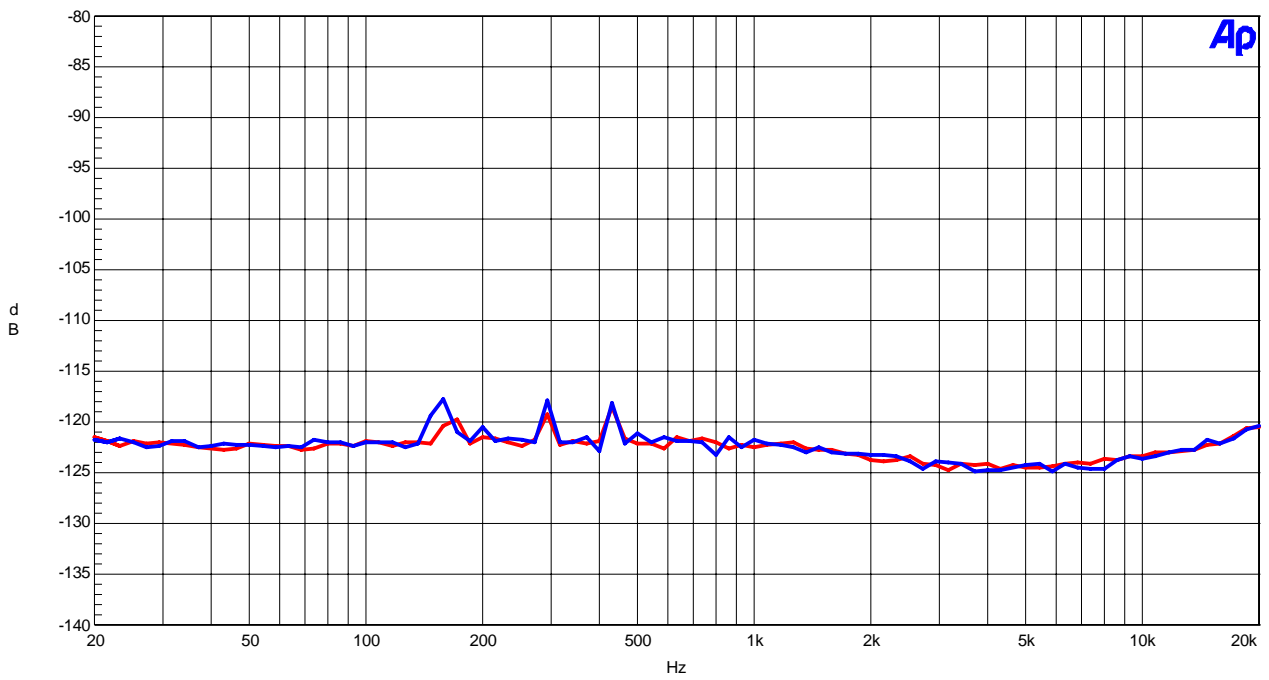
AK4399 Crosstalk (Red=Lch, Blue=Rch)
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=44.1kHz, 0dBFS Input

Figure 15. Crosstalk (Input level=0dBFS)

(fs=96kHz)

AKM

AK4399 FFT
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=96kHz, 0dBFS Input

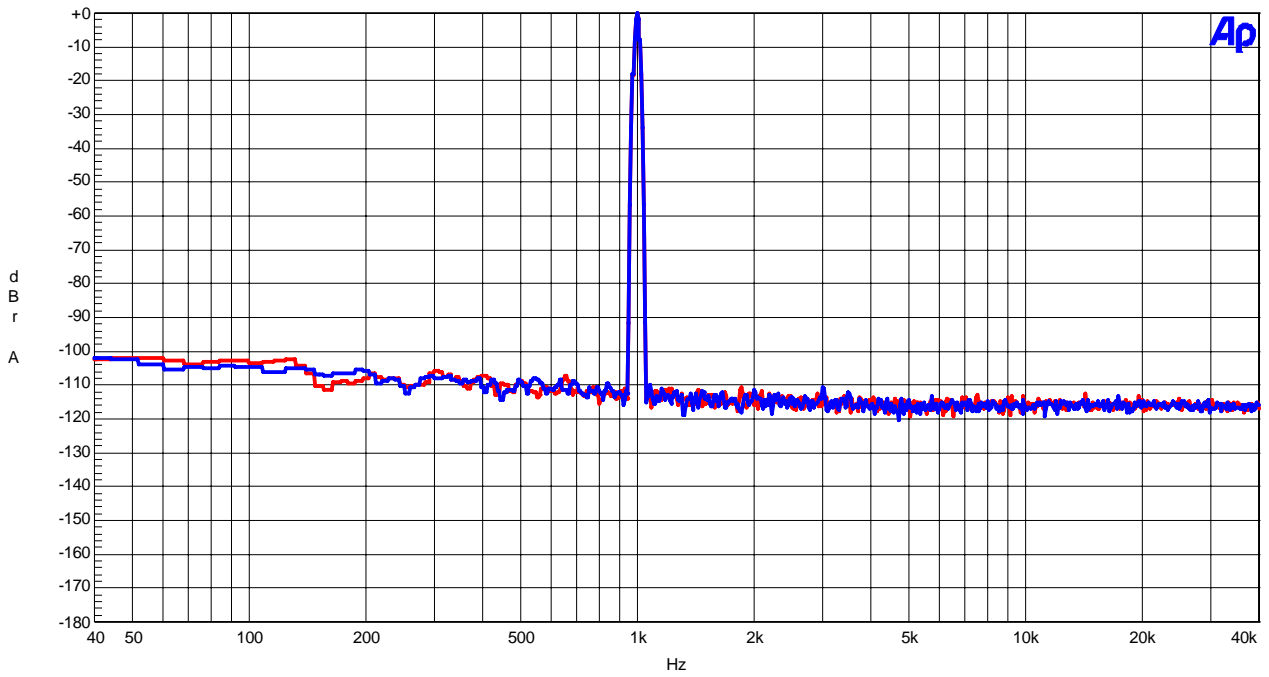


Figure 16. FFT (fin=1kHz, Input Level=0dBFS)

AKM

AK4399 FFT
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=96kHz, 0dBFS Input, Notch

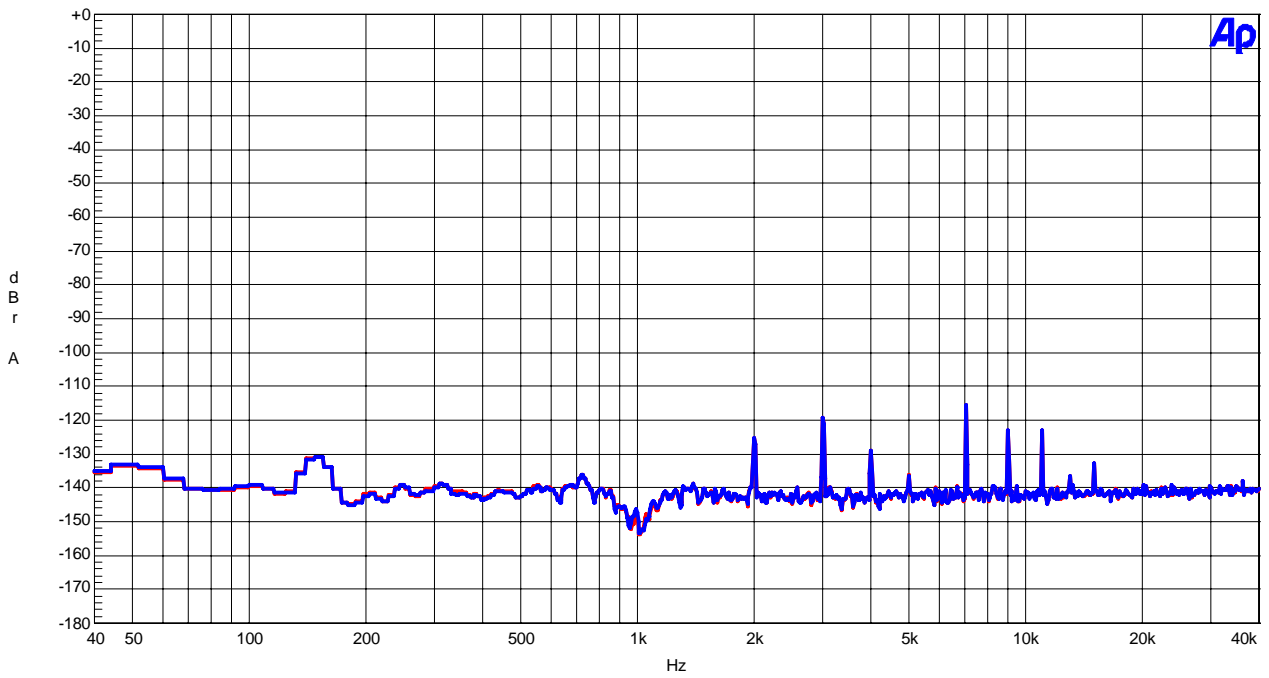


Figure 17. FFT(fin=1kHz, Input Level=0dBFS, Notch)

(fs=96kHz)

AKM

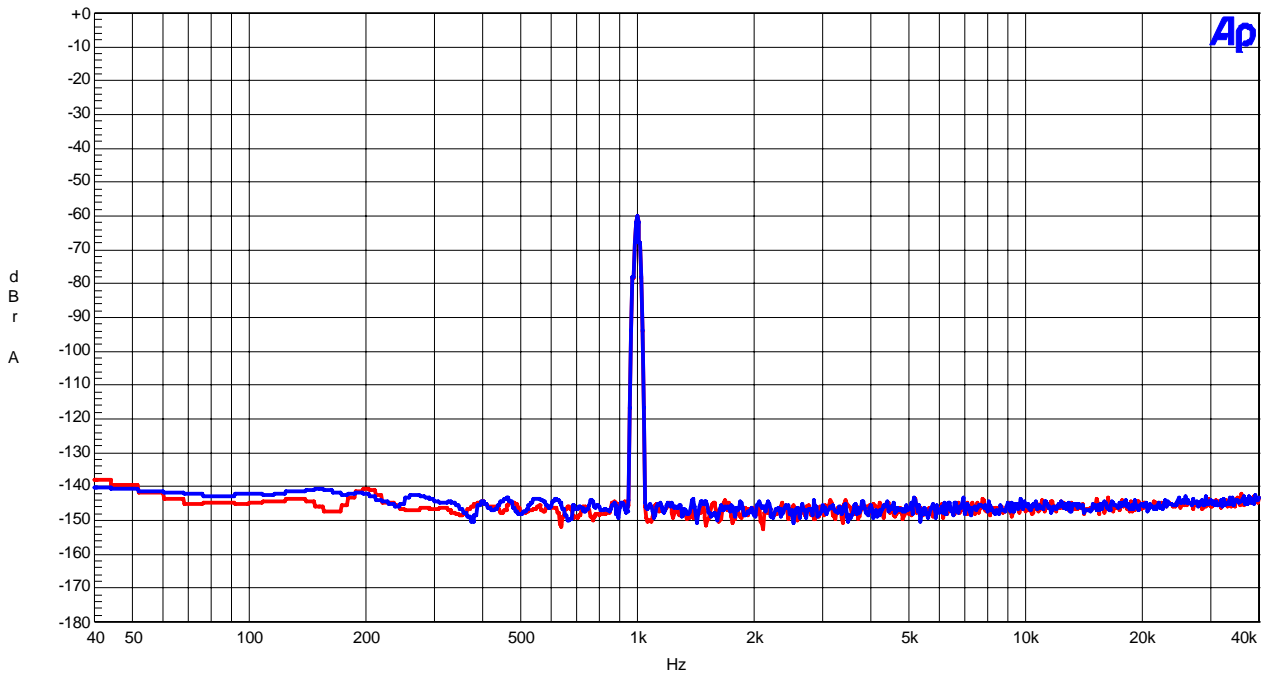
AK4399 FFT
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=96kHz, -60dBFS Input

Figure 18. FFT (fin=1kHz, Input Level=-60dBFS)

AKM

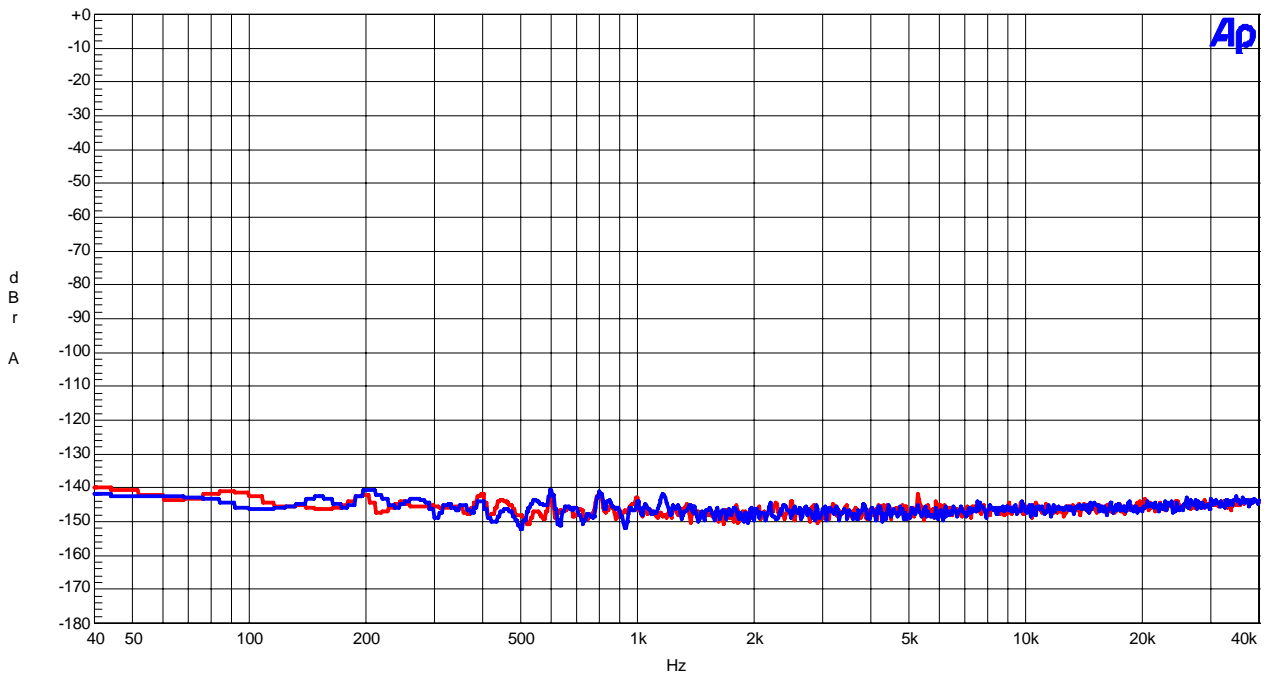
AK4399 FFT
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=96kHz, No signal Input

Figure 19. FFT (Noise Floor)

(fs=96kHz)

AKM

AK4399 THD+N vs. Input Level
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=96kHz, fin=1kHz

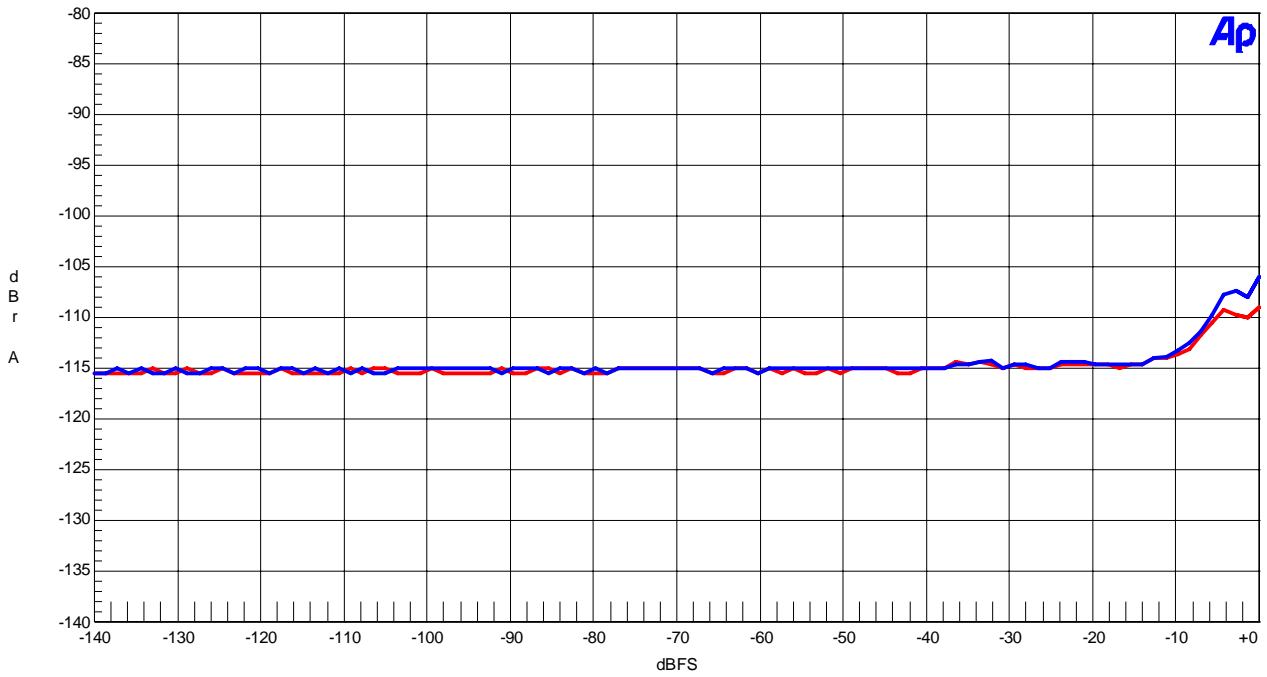


Figure 20. THD+N vs. Input level (fin=1kHz)

AKM

AK4399 THD+N vs. Input Frequency
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=96kHz, 0dBFS Input

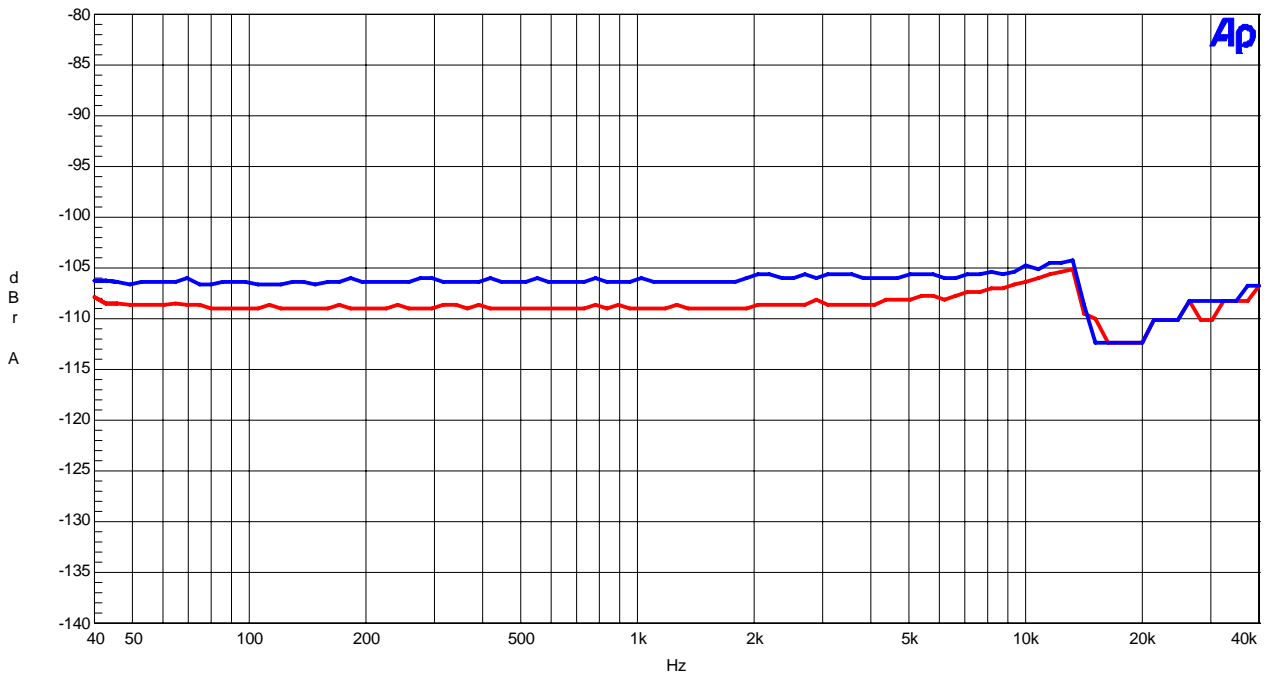


Figure 21. THD+N vs. Input Frequency (Input level=0dBFS)

($f_s=96\text{kHz}$)

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AK4399 Linearity
 AVDD=DVDD=5V, $f_s=96\text{kHz}$, $f_{in}=1\text{kHz}$

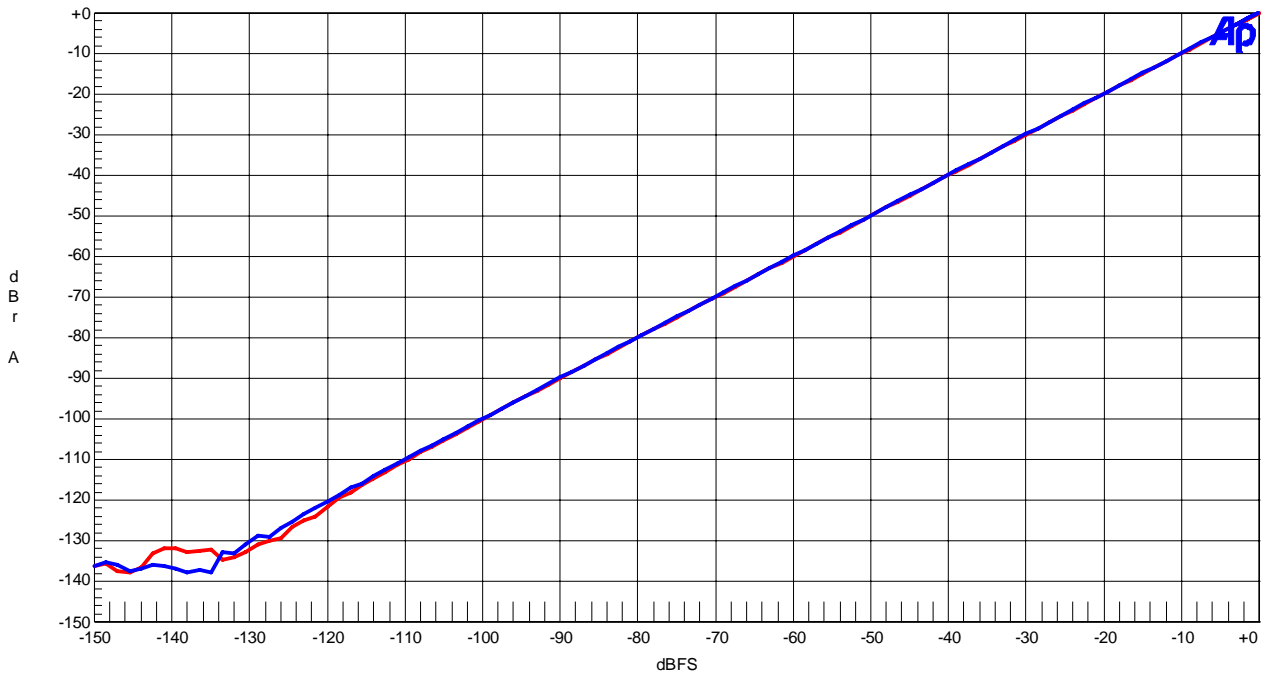


Figure 22. Linearity ($f_{in}=1\text{kHz}$)

AKM

AK4399 Frequency Response
 AVDD=DVDD=5V, $f_s=96\text{kHz}$, 0dBFS Input

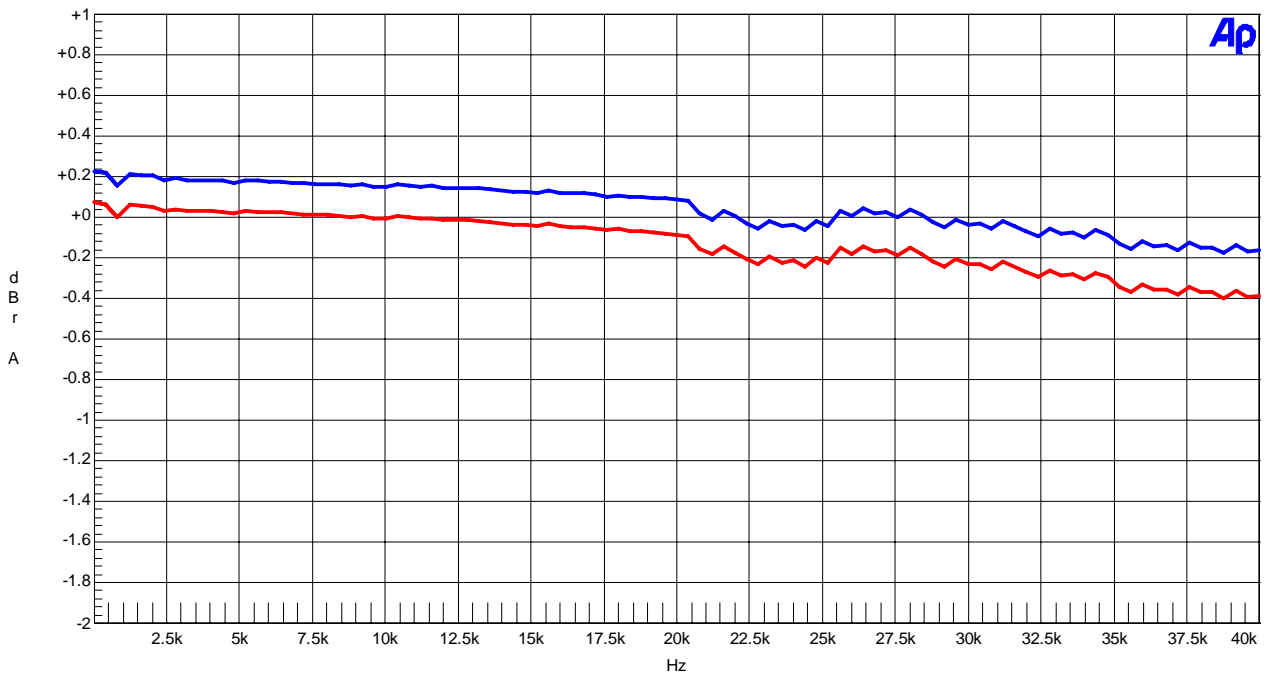


Figure 23. Frequency Response (Input level=0dBFS)

(fs=96kHz)

AKM

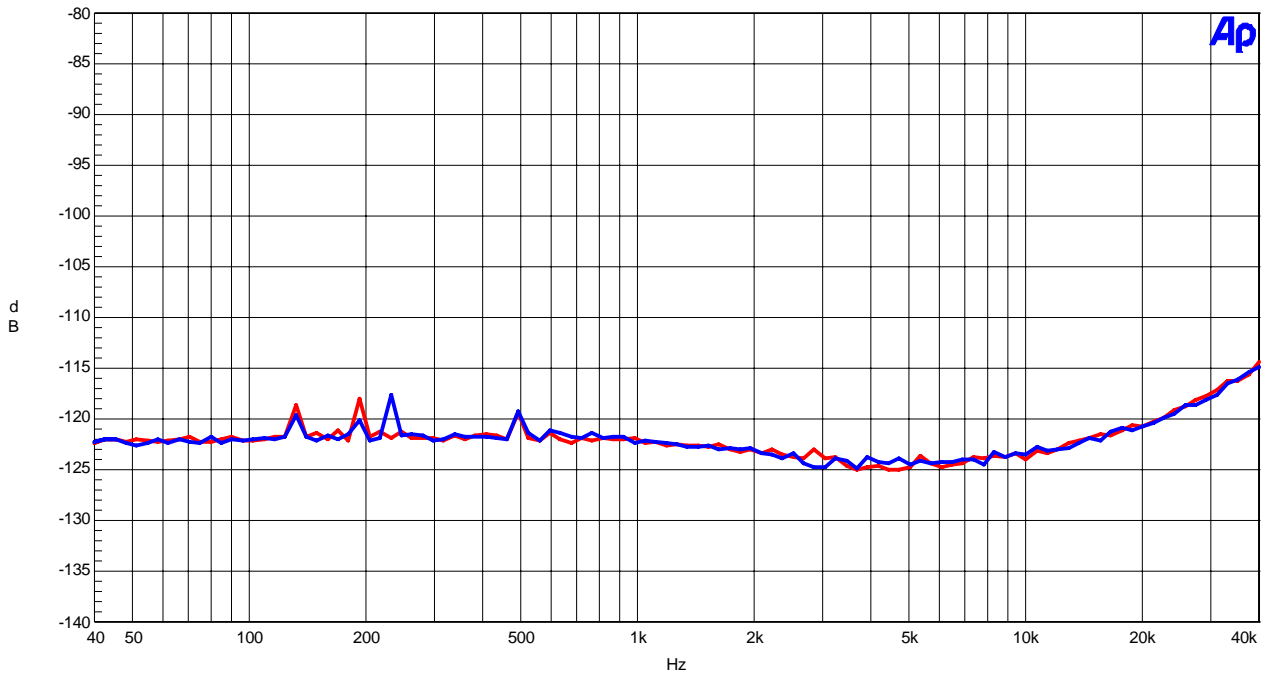
AK4399 Crosstalk (Red=Lch, Blue=Rch)
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=96kHz, 0dBFS Input

Figure 24. Crosstalk (Input level=0dBFS)

(fs=192kHz)

AKM

AK4399 FFT
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=192kHz, 0dBFS Input

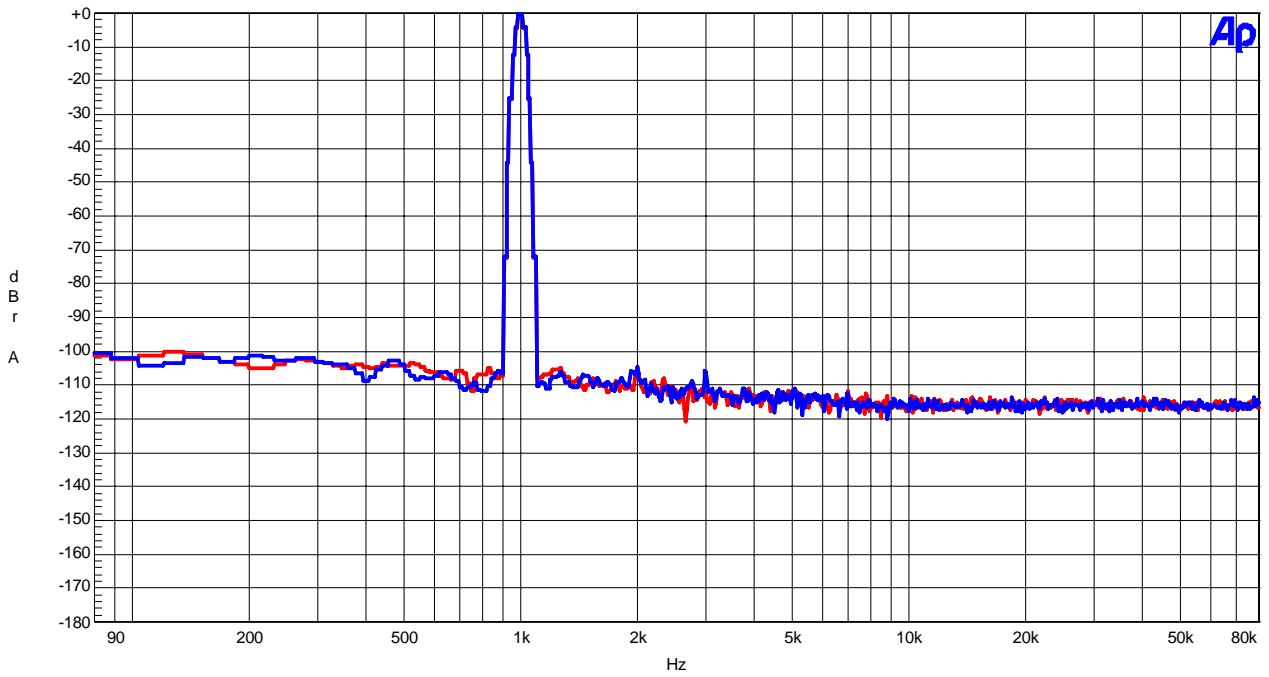


Figure 25. FFT (fin=1kHz, Input Level=0dBFS)

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AK4399 FFT
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=192kHz, 0dBFS Input, Notch

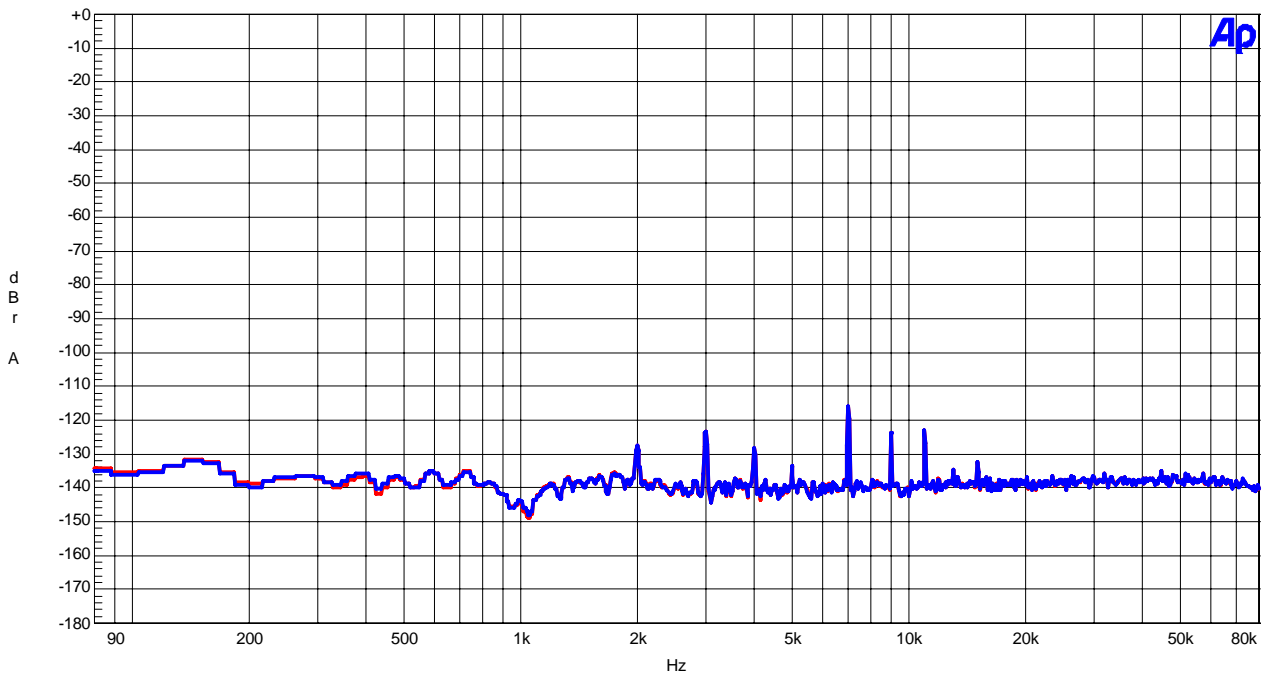


Figure 26. FFT(fin=1kHz, Input Level=0dBFS, Notch)

(fs=192kHz)

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AK4399 FFT
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=192kHz, -60dBFS Input

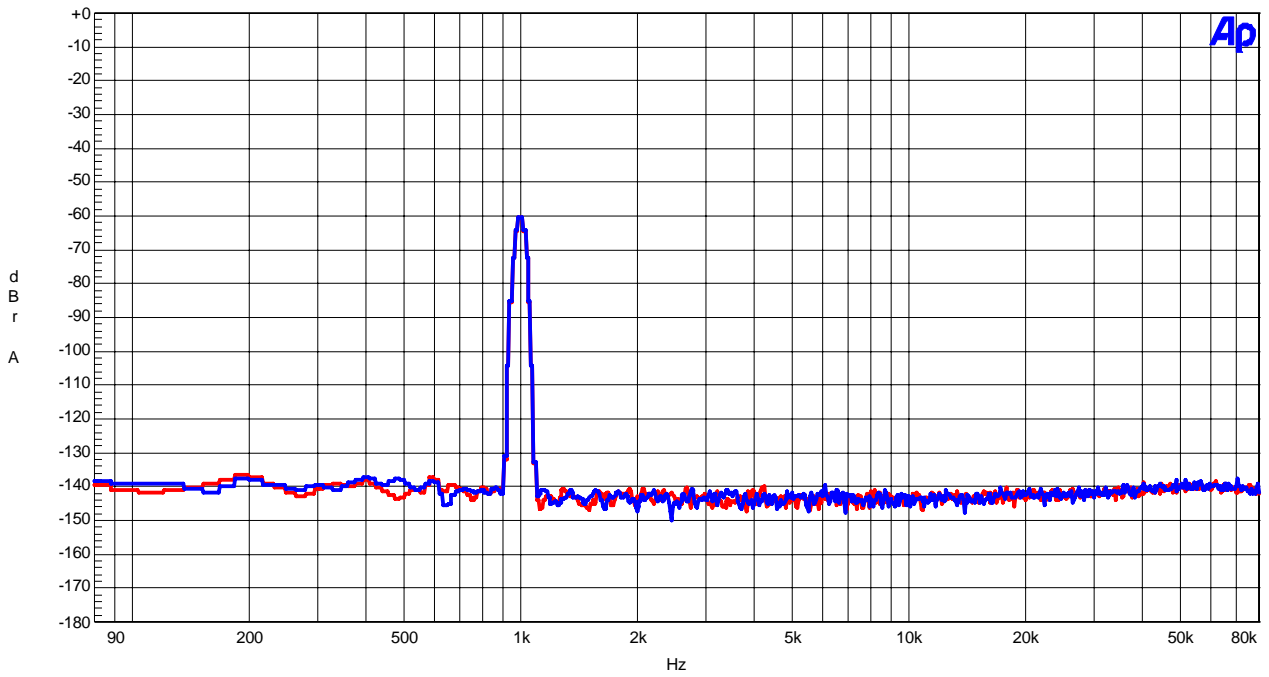


Figure 27. FFT (fin=1kHz, Input Level=-60dBFS)

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AK4399 FFT
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=192kHz, No signal Input

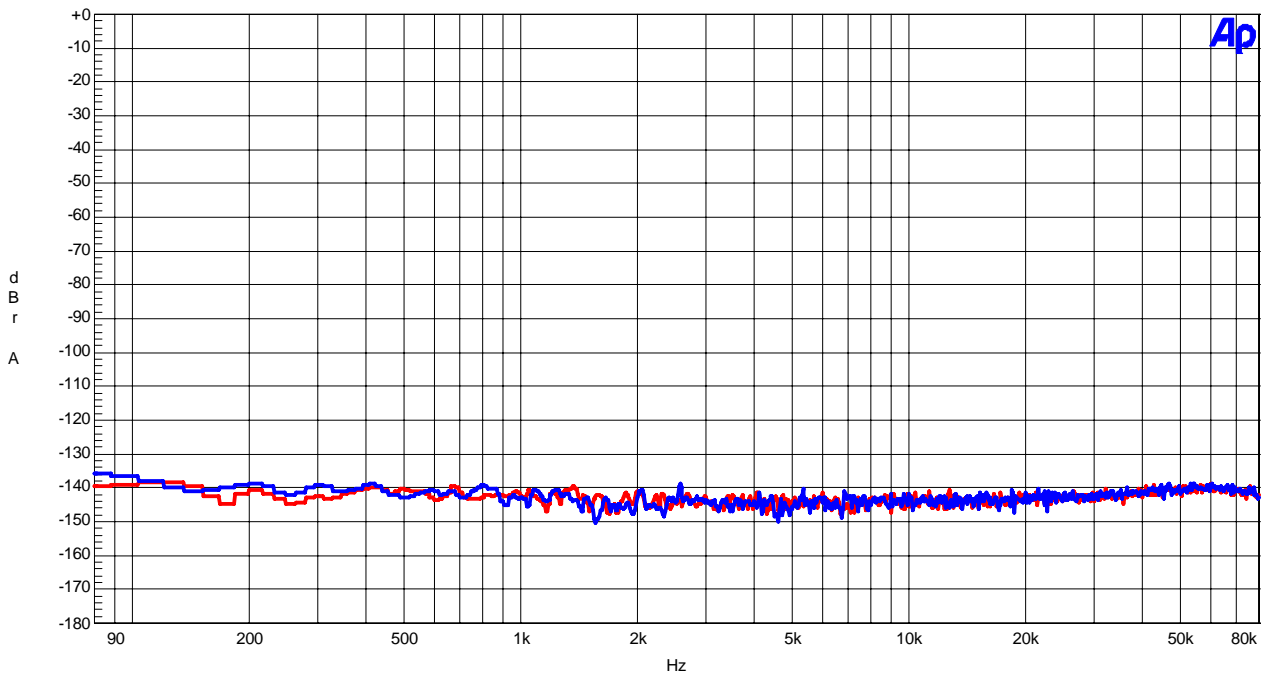


Figure 28. FFT (Noise Floor)

(fs=192kHz)

AKM

AK4399 THD+N vs. Input Level
 AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=192kHz, fin=1kHz

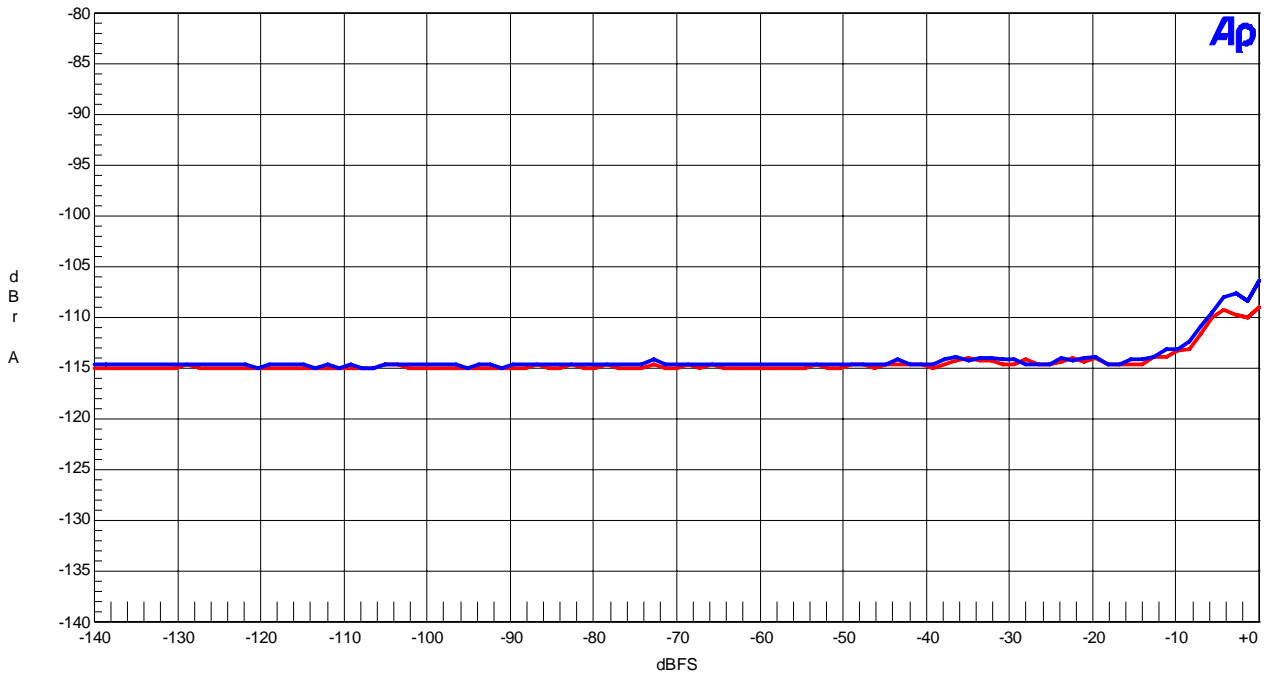


Figure 29. THD+N vs. Input level (fin=1kHz)

AKM

AK4399 THD+N vs. Input Frequency
 AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=192kHz, 0dBFS Input

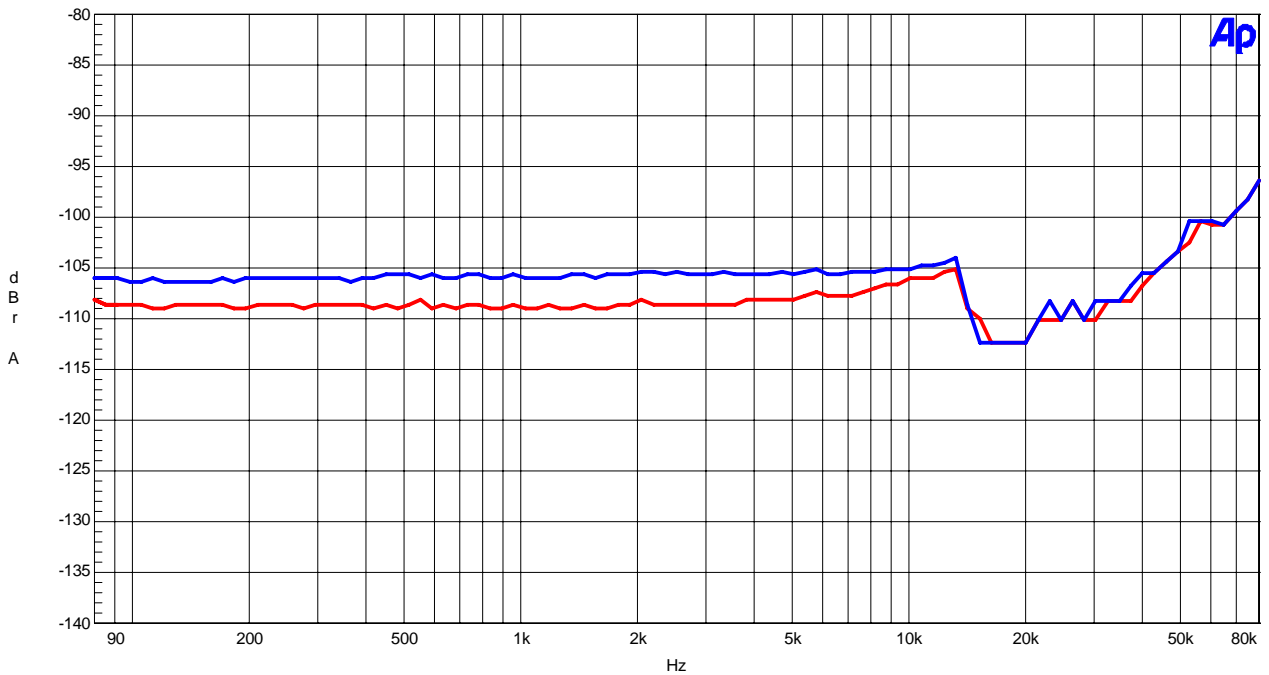


Figure 30. THD+N vs. Input Frequency (Input level=0dBFS)

(fs=192kHz)

AKM

AK4399 Linearity
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=192kHz, fin=1kHz

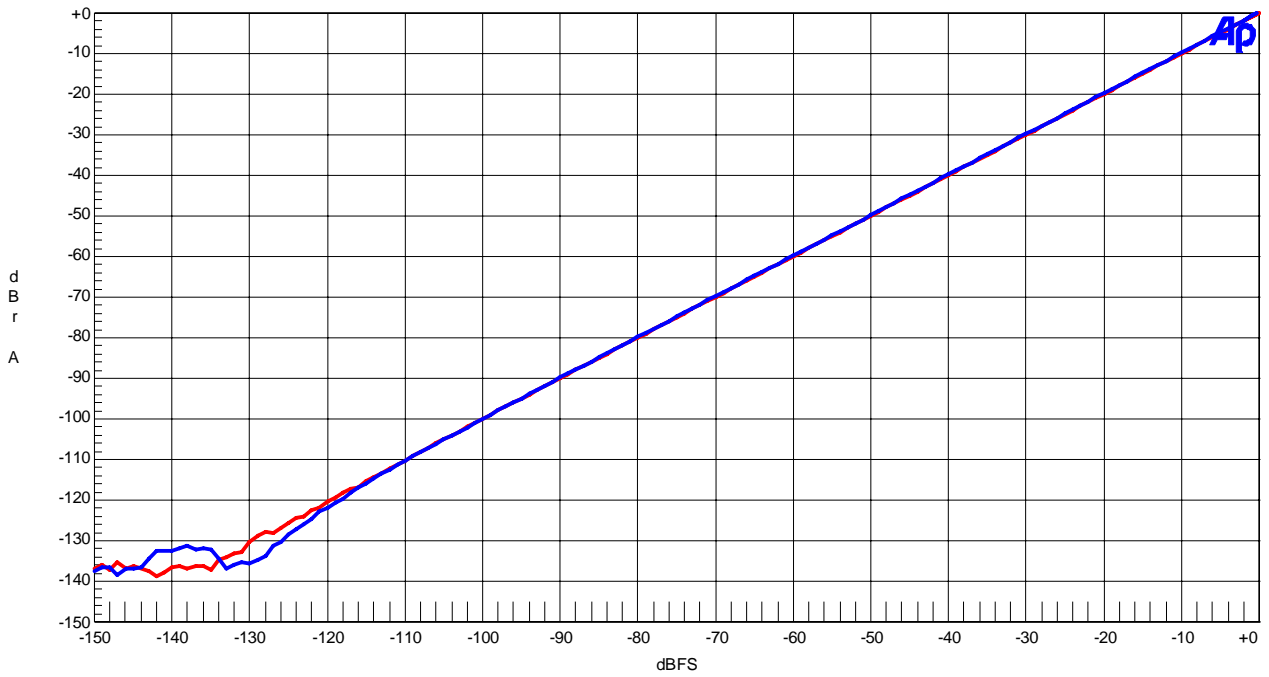


Figure 31. Linearity (fin=1kHz)

AKM

AK4399 Frequency Response
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=192kHz, 0dBFS Input

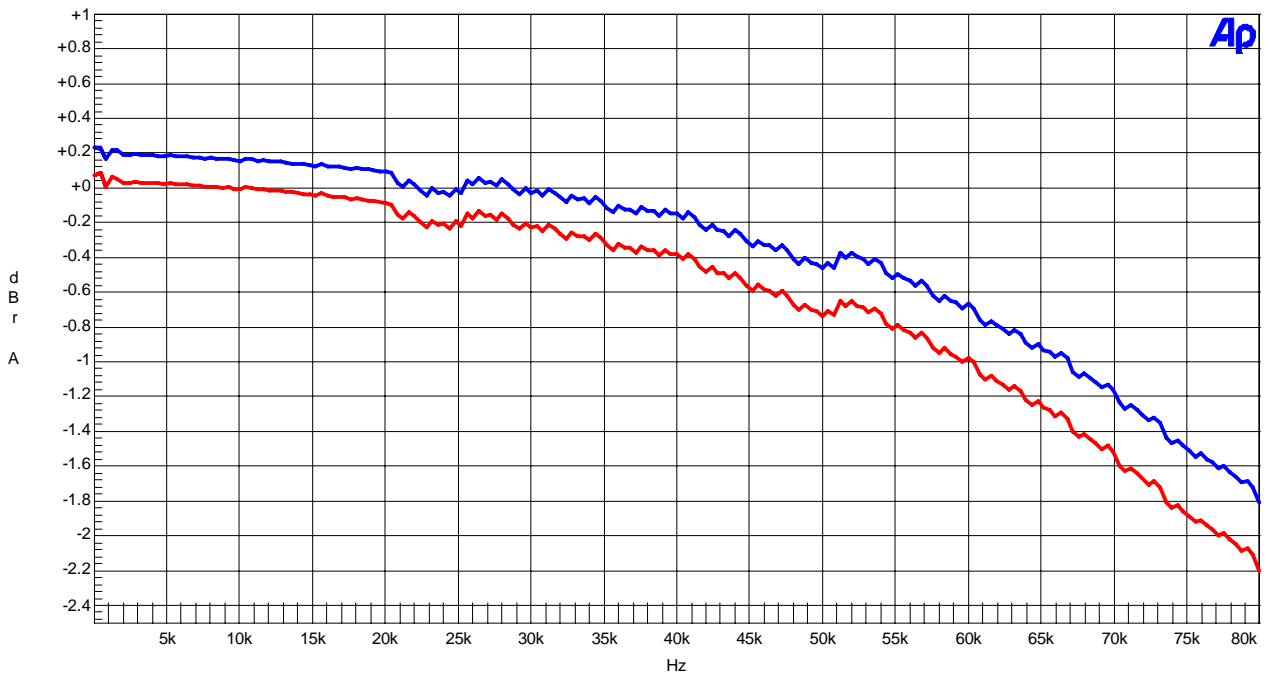


Figure 32. Frequency Response (Input level=0dBFS)

(fs=192kHz)

AKM

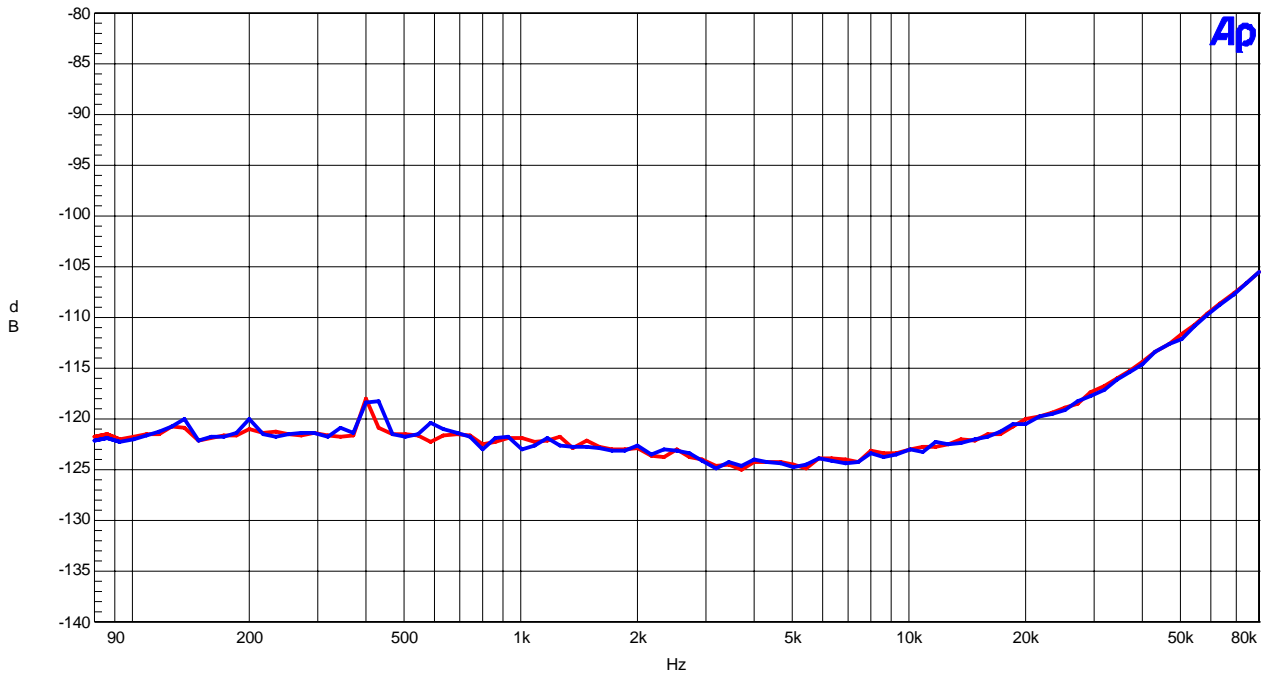
AK4399 Crosstalk (Red=Lch, Blue=Rch)
AVDD=DVDD=5V, fs=192kHz, 0dBFS Input

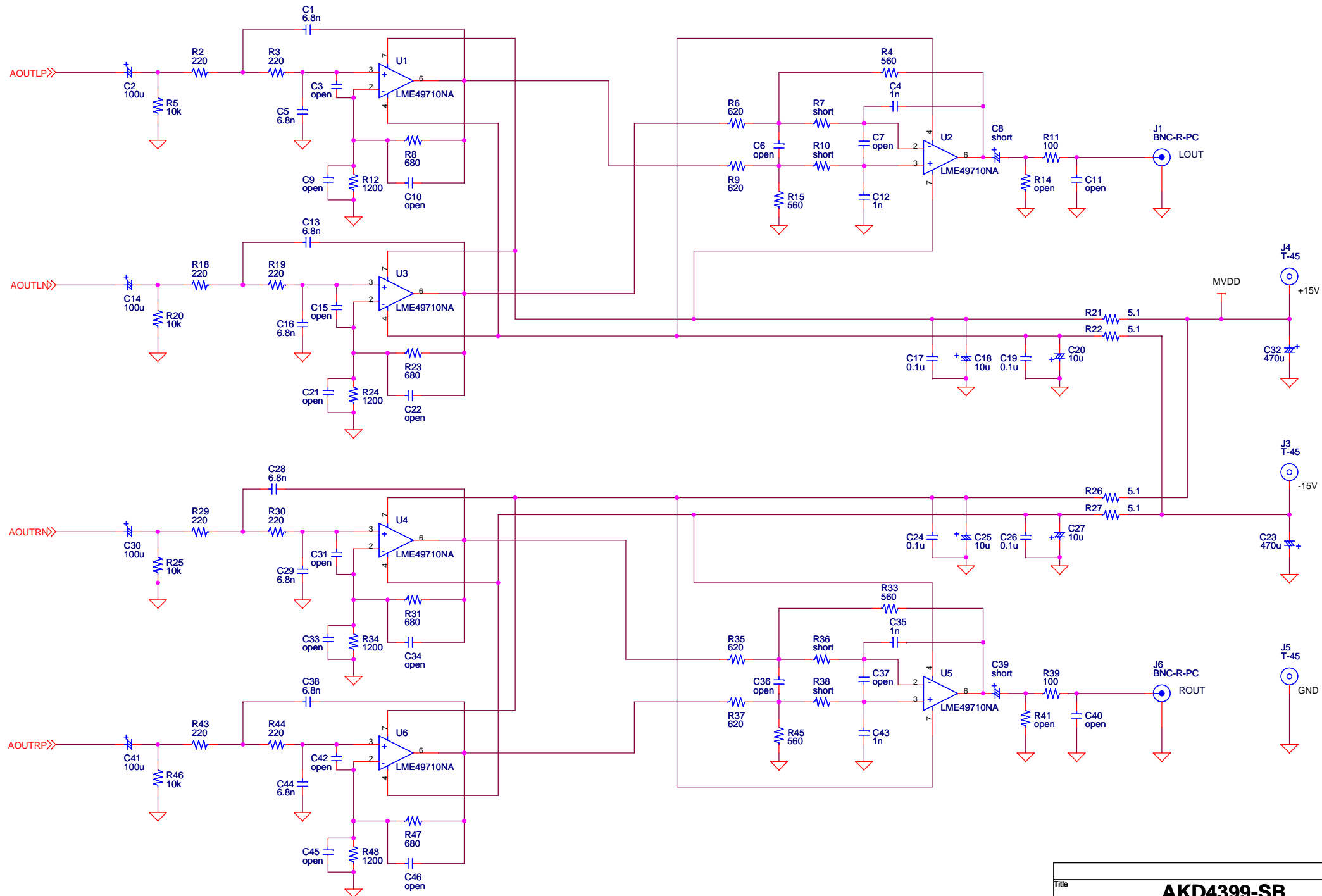
Figure 33. Crosstalk (Input level=0dBFS)

Revision History

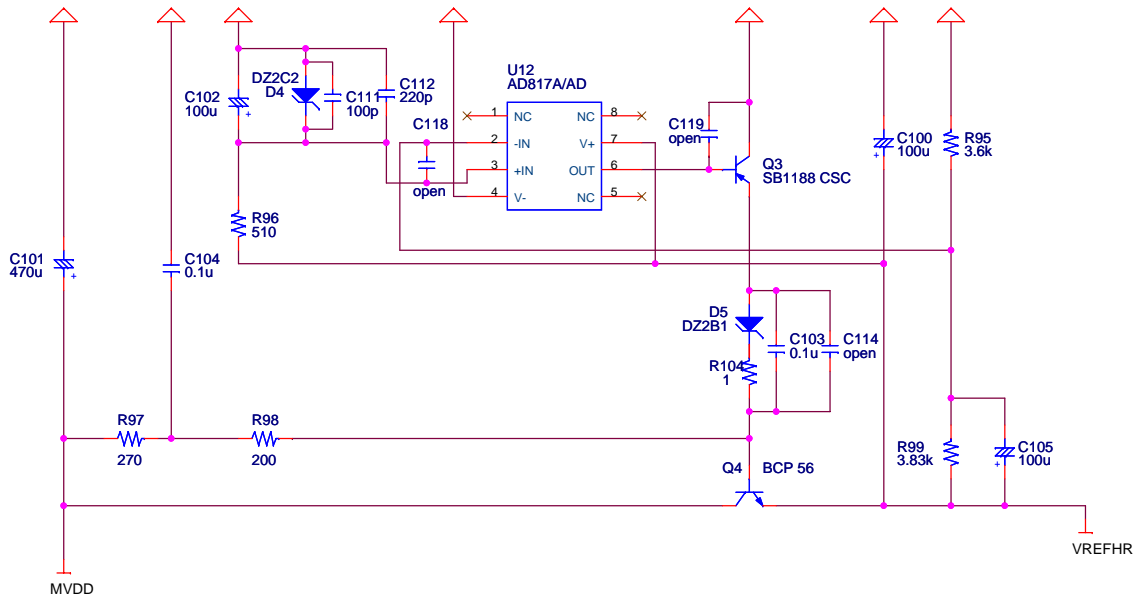
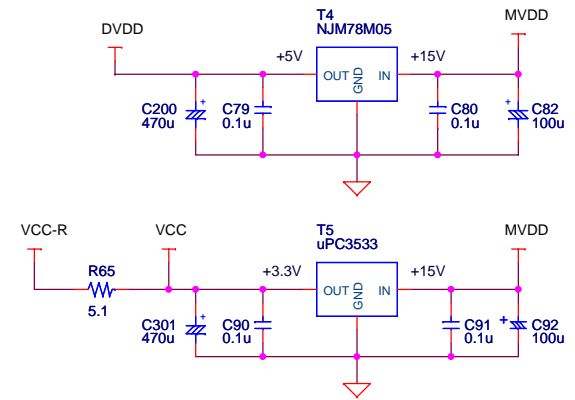
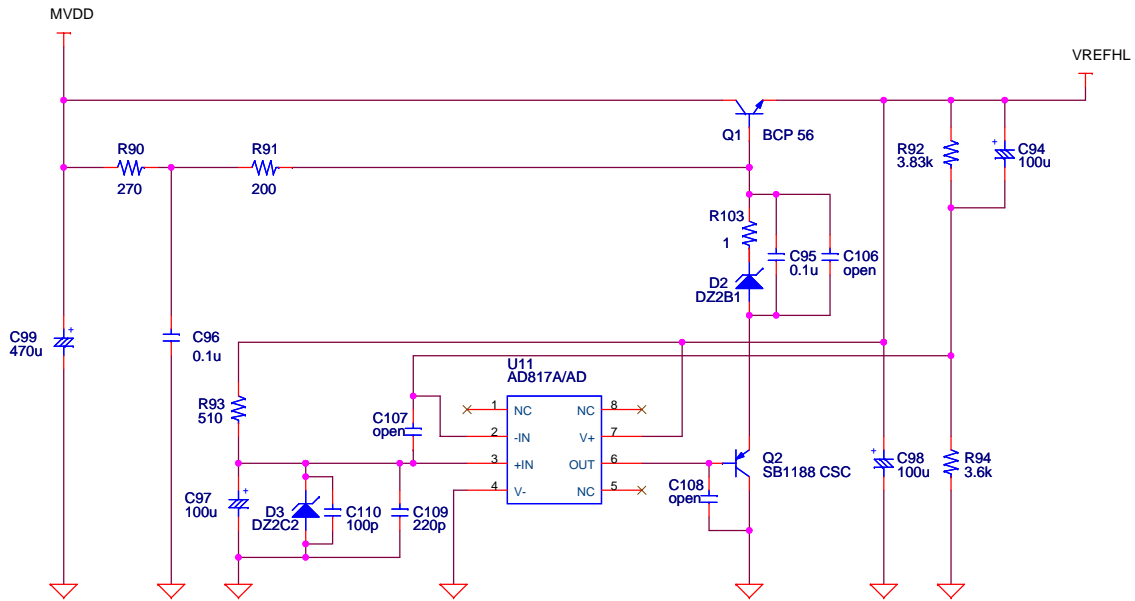
Date (YY/MM/DD)	Manual Revision	Board Revision	Reason	Page	Contents
08/06/03	KM093700	1	First edition		
08/07/22	KM093701	2	Change		Device revision was changed. Rev.A => Rev.C
					Circuit diagram was changed.
			Modification	12-27	Update of measurement results and Plots.

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